



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Forest
Service

Northeastern Area
State & Private
Forestry

180 Canfield Street
Morgantown, WV 26505-3101

File Code: 3400
January 6, 2003

Mr. Robert C. Ridgway
Environmental Office
Federal Research Center at White Oak
10903 New Hampshire Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20903-1069

Dear Mr. Ridgway:


On October 9, 2002, USDA Forest Service personnel conducted a gypsy moth egg mass survey at the Federal Research Center at White Oak. The purpose of the survey was to determine gypsy moth population densities and to assess the potential for defoliation and the need for treatment in 2003.

Gypsy moth survey plots were randomly selected based upon available host trees (oak species), size of sample area and uniformity between egg mass counts. At each sample point, a 1/40th acre fixed radius plot was established. The plots consisted of a tally of all the new (2002) egg masses observed on the overstory trees, understory vegetation, ground litter and duff. The total number of egg masses observed for each plot was multiplied by 40 to determine the number of egg masses per acre.

The locations of the survey plots are shown in Figure 1. In brief, egg mass densities ranged from 0-320 and averaged 40 egg masses per acre (Table 1). Since no noticeable defoliation is expected, treatment is not recommended in 2003.

Please contact Karen Felton at (304) 285-1556 if you have any questions regarding this egg mass survey.

Sincerely,


JOHN W. HAZEL
Field Representative
Morgantown Field Office

cc: Robert Tichenor, MDA
Sally Hughes, MDA
Betsie Handley, MDA
Noel Schneeberger, AO

Enclosure

JWH/KDF/blm



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Table 1. – Gypsy moth egg mass survey results at the Federal
Research Center at White Oak on October 9, 2002.

<u>Plot Number</u>	<u>EM/Acre</u>
1	320
2	40
3	0
4	0
5	40
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0

Range = 0-320 egg masses/acre

Average = 40 egg masses/acre

Figure 1.--Gypsy moth egg mass survey plot locations at the Federal Research Center at White Oak, October 9, 2002.

